Dear UC Santa Cruz Community,

UC Santa Cruz is a public university like no other in California, combining the intimacy of a small, liberal arts college with the depth and rigor of a major research university. Our students, academic and staff personnel come from across the United States and many different countries around the world. Expectations on crime and safety can vary widely. Overall, our campus and off-site locations are located in safe areas, but nonetheless, no location is free from crime or potentially hazardous situation.

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department, the UC Santa Cruz Fire Department and the UC Environmental Health and Safety Department are primarily responsible for ensuring the safety and security of the UC Santa Cruz community from all hazards, including crime. However, we rely on the community to be our “eyes and ears,” and share in the responsibility of keeping our community safe.

As such, we encourage you to read our Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report, for 2012. By reading this report you will gain a better understanding of the crime prevention and fire safety programs offered to our community so that you may actively support and participate in maintaining a safe campus.

This report contains information on safety and security prevention and protection programs, policies and procedures for reporting crime and hazardous conditions, victim assistance programs, fire prevention programs, and other safety and security information. This information will assist you in maintaining your safety and security while on the UC Santa Cruz campus or at an off-site location. In addition, crime and fire statistics are listed for your review and information.

We hope that you take the time to read this report. If you have any questions or comments please contact the UC Santa Cruz Police Department at 831-459-2231 or at police@ucsc.edu. More information can also be found at police.ucsc.edu and fire.ucsc.edu.

Sincerely,

Nader Oweis
Chief of Police
UC Santa Cruz Police Department

Jeff Trapp
Fire Chief
UC Santa Cruz Fire Department
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Choosing a postsecondary institution is a major decision for students and their families. Along with academic, financial and geographic considerations, the issue of campus safety is a vital concern. In 1990, Congress enacted the Crime Awareness and Campus Security Act of 1990 (Title II of Public Law 101-542), which amended the Higher Education Act of 1965 (HEA). This act required all postsecondary institutions participating in HEA’s Title IV student financial assistance programs to disclose campus crime statistics and security information. The Act was amended in 1992, 1998 and 2000. The 1998 amendments renamed the law the Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act in memory of a student who was slain in her dorm room in 1986. It is generally referred to as the Clery Act.

In 2008, the Higher Education Opportunity Act or HEOA (Public Law 110-315) reauthorized and expanded the Higher Education Act of 1965, as amended. HEOA amended the Clery Act and created additional safety and security related requirements for institutions. Although HEA, as amended, is the law that governs the administration of all federal higher education programs, as used in this report, HEA refers only to the Clery Act and HEOA safety and security related requirements.

In 2013, President Obama signed a bill that strengthened and reauthorized the Violence Against Women Act. Included in the bill was the Campus Sexual Violence Elimination Act (Campus SaVE), which amends the Clery Act and affords additional rights to campus victims of sexual violence, dating violence, domestic violence, and stalking.

More information about the Clery Act can be found at: clerycenter.org.

**Notice of Availability: Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report**

On October 1 of each year, an e-mail notification is sent to all enrolled students, academic and staff personnel that provides the website to access this report. This report includes statistics for the previous three years concerning reported crimes that occurred on campus; in certain off-campus buildings or property owned or controlled by UC Santa Cruz; and on public property within, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from, the campus.

The report also includes information on fire protection systems, fire prevention policies, as well as institutional policies concerning other safety and security matters. Community members, students, academic and staff personnel, and guests are encouraged to immediately report all crimes and public safety related incidents to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department.

You can obtain a copy of this report by contacting the UC Santa Cruz Police Department, 1156 High Street, Santa Cruz, CA 95064, 831-459-2231 or by accessing the following website: www.ucsc.edu/about/crime-stats/files/fire-clery-2012.pdf.

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department submits the annual crime and fire statistics published in this report to the Department of Education. The statistical information gathered by the Department of Education is available to the public through the Department of Education website: www.ed.gov.
Consequences for Non-Compliance with the Clery Act

Possible consequences for an institution’s non-compliance with the Clery Act include:

- A suspension or limiting of the institutions Title IV funding
- The Department of Education may issue a civil fine up to $35,000 per violation
- The institution may suffer reputational loss due to negative media attention
- Failure to comply with the Clery Act can be used in various litigation matters

Clery Compliance Committee

In order to assist the university administration with achieving annual compliance with the Clery Act, UC Santa Cruz has appointed members of the campus community to the Campus Clery Act Compliance Committee. The overall charge of the Campus Clery Act Compliance Committee is to plan and facilitate activities that will directly support the campus in achieving compliance.

In part, coordination and documentation for compliance is managed through the UC Santa Cruz Police Department. The committee consists of members from the following departments at UC Santa Cruz:

- Police Department
- Academic Personnel Office
- Admissions
- CHES (Colleges Housing and Educational Services)
- Dean of Students
- Environmental Health and Safety
- Executive Vice-Chancellor and Provost Office
- Fire Department
- General Counsel
- Human Resources
- ITS (Information and Technology Services)
- Risk and Safety Services
- Risk Services
- Student Health Center
- Student Judicial Affairs
- Title IX Coordinator
- Women’s Center
DISCLOSURE OF STATISTICAL INFORMATION

Many crimes are not reported to the police. As such, by collecting data through established guidelines from other sources, UC Santa Cruz is able to obtain a more accurate count of crimes on campus and affiliated locations. A crime is reported when a witness, a victim, a third party or the offender, regardless of that person’s affiliation, brings it to the attention of law enforcement or a campus security authority. In turn, UC Santa Cruz discloses crimes in the statistical portion of this report regardless of whether the crimes have been investigated by the police, and regardless of whether a finding of guilt or responsibility has been assigned.

UC Santa Cruz makes a good faith effort to obtain the statistics by requesting them, in writing, from non-police campus security authorities and allied law enforcement agencies. UC Santa Cruz relies on the information obtained, but is not responsible if the information is inaccurate or is not provided.

UC Santa Cruz also gathers statistical information about fires at on-campus student housing facilities. The Campus Fire Marshal collects this information from a variety of sources including campus security authorities, fire department personnel, and other reporting parties.

The 2012 UC Santa Cruz Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report is a resource for the campus community to make informed decisions about their safety. Clery Act statistics for the University of California, Santa Cruz campus for the previous three years are available at: www.ucsc.edu/about/crime-stats/. For questions regarding the preparation of the Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report, please call 831-459-2231 and ask for the Records and Communications Manager.
OVERVIEW OF UC SANTA CRUZ POLICE AND FIRE DEPARTMENTS

UC Santa Cruz Police Department

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department has primary law enforcement jurisdiction over the University of California, Santa Cruz campus and affiliated (owned, leased or controlled) off-campus properties. Crime prevention and apprehension of those who commit crimes within the Department’s jurisdiction is the mission of the UC Santa Cruz Police Department.

UC Santa Cruz police officers are duly sworn peace officers under Penal Code §830.2. The officers are armed and have the same authority under the law as municipal police officers. Officers patrol the UC Santa Cruz campus and off-campus locations 24 hours a day, 365 days a year. They enforce applicable local, state, and federal laws and provide a full range of police-related services, including immediate response to medical and fire emergencies.

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department operates a 911 Dispatch Center 24 hours a day, 365 days a year and can receive calls from a cell phone, landline phone, blue light phone, emergency call box, elevator phone or TDD machine.

Working with Other Law Enforcement Agencies

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department works closely with surrounding law enforcement agencies, and has written agreements with city, county and state police agencies. In addition, the Department works with the FBI, US Secret Service, and other federal law enforcement agencies to share information and investigate crime. Meetings are held between the leaders of these agencies, on both a formal and informal basis.
Officers communicate regularly at the scene of incidents that occur in and around UC Santa Cruz Police jurisdiction with allied law enforcement agencies. In addition the UC Santa Cruz Police Department investigators work closely with other law enforcement agencies when incidents arise that require joint investigative efforts, resources, crime related reports and information exchange, as deemed necessary.

By mutual agreement with state and federal agencies the UC Santa Cruz Police Department maintains access to the National Law Enforcement Telecommunications Network (NLETS) and the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications Network (CLETS). These computer databases are used for accessing criminal history data, nationwide police records, Department of Motor Vehicle information, as well as other local, state and federal law enforcement information.

Through coordination with local law enforcement agencies any information about criminal activity engaged by students, academic and staff personnel at on or off-campus locations may be provided to the Dean of Students, Academic Personnel Office and Staff Human Resources or other university officials for any action or follow-up that may be required.

**Daily Police Logs**

The Daily Crime Log lists crimes reported to and/or responded to by the UC Santa Cruz Police Department for the previous 60 days. The information listed in the log includes the nature of the crime, general location, date/time occurred, disposition, and date reported. The Daily Crime Log is kept in the Police Department Records Unit, and upon request is immediately available to the public during the Records Unit business hours. Any information pertaining to the Daily Crime Log that is older than the previous 60 days can be made available within two business days, upon request.

**UC Santa Cruz Fire Department**

The UC Santa Cruz Fire Department services include, an engine company, Fire Marshall, Fire Prevention and Emergency Management and Business Continuity programs. At least one Paramedic is on duty on each shift to ensure Advanced Life Support (ALS) response capabilities, and at least one member of each shift is also certified as a Hazardous Materials Technician for responses to chemical spills and other HAZMAT emergencies both on campus and through the Santa Cruz Hazardous Materials Interagency Team (SCHMIT).

The UC Santa Cruz Fire Department works closely with surrounding fire agencies, and has agreements with city, county and state fire agencies. Meetings are held between the leaders of these agencies, on both a formal and informal basis.

The UC Santa Cruz Fire Marshal is a Designated Campus Fire Marshal (DCFM) under a Memorandum of Understanding with the California Office of the State Fire Marshal. This provides the DCFM with authority to conduct fire prevention activities and enforce the California Fire Code at UC Santa Cruz facilities.
DESIGNATED REPORTERS

Campus Security Authorities

Even at institutions with a police department on campus, a student who is a victim of a crime may be more inclined to report it to someone other than the police. For this reason the Clery Act requires all institutions to collect crime reports from a variety of individuals and organizations that the Clery Act refers to as Campus Security Authorities (CSA).

A CSA is an official of the university who has significant responsibility for student and campus activities. They are usually found in departments responsible for, but not limited to, student and campus activities, safety/security, student conduct/judicial, housing, athletics, or human resources. This designation also includes any individual who has been specified by UC Santa Cruz to receive and report offenses.

CSAs are responsible for immediately reporting crimes and incidents that occur on the UC Santa Cruz campus or affiliated property to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department. More information about CSA responsibility is located at: deanofstudents.ucsc.edu/student-conduct/clery.html. In addition, a CSA crime report form has been developed to assist in reporting crimes or incidents associated with the Clery Act, and this form is located at: www.sa.ucsc.edu/judicial/clery/CrimeReport.cfm.

California Mandatory Reporting Laws

As outlined by Penal Code §368 and Welfare and Institutions Code §15600 et al., the California Legislature enacted recent laws to require elderly and dependent adult care custodians, health practitioners, Adult Protective Services staff, law enforcement, and other designated agencies to report and to investigate incidents of abuse/neglect. The categories of abuse and neglect that must be reported by mandated parties now include: physical, sexual, financial, isolation, abandonment, abduction, neglect, mental suffering, and self-neglect.

California Penal Code §11160 requires prompt, mandatory reporting to the local law enforcement agency by healthcare practitioners (such as those at the Cowell Student Health Center) when they provide medical services to a person they know or reasonably suspects is suffering from wounds inflicted by a firearm or as a result of assaultive or abusive conduct.

The Child Abuse Neglect and Reporting Act (CANRA), codified in California Penal Code §§11164-11174.3, requires that employers of mandated reporters (as defined in the Act) promote identification and reporting of child abuse or neglect. It is the policy of the University of California to comply with its obligations under the Act; to require that all university employees and administrators who are mandated reporters make required reports to child protection or law enforcement agencies; and, more broadly, to encourage all members of the university community who observe, have actual knowledge of, or reasonably suspect child abuse or neglect at a university facility or perpetrated by university personnel to promptly report the concern to appropriate law enforcement, external officials and university officials. More information about the University of California CANRA Policy can be found at: policy.ucop.edu/doc/4000603/CANRA.
REPORTING PROCEDURES

UC Santa Cruz strongly encourages immediate reports of crimes, emergencies, and/or suspicious, disturbing, or threatening behaviors to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department. Prompt reporting ensures an appropriate response, the consideration of the issuance of a Timely Warning or an Immediate Notification, and assists in properly gathered statistics. Activities or incidents occurring outside of the UC Santa Cruz jurisdiction should be reported immediately to the agency having jurisdiction where the property is located.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Phone Number</th>
<th>When To Call</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>9-1-1</td>
<td>Any kind of emergency situation with serious threat to life or property.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831-459-2231</td>
<td>Any kind of emergency situation with serious threat to life or property, if unable to dial 9-1-1 from phone being used.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831-459-2231</td>
<td>Non-emergency police related calls, 24 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831-459-2100</td>
<td>Campus Safety Officer Dispatch Line, 7pm-3am nightly.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831-459-4861</td>
<td>Major Emergency Maintenance problems; requests for response that cannot wait until the next business day.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831-459-4980</td>
<td>Telecommunications Device for the Deaf, 24 hours.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>831-459-3TIP or 831-459-3847 or 800-403-4744</td>
<td>Anonymous reports of a crime can be made by calling the Crime Tip Line or at police.ucsc.edu/report.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Blue light phones, emergency elevator phones and emergency call boxes may be used to contact the dispatch center in emergency situations. These phones are located throughout the campus.

If there is a fire and no telephone is available, activate one of the fire alarm manual pull stations located throughout campus buildings.
Confidential Clery Reporting Process

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department encourages anyone who is the victim or witness to any crime to promptly report the incident to the police. Under circumstances prescribed in Government Code §6254(f), information from police reports may be released. Whenever possible and pursuant to Penal Code §293, the UC Santa Cruz Police Department withholds information that may identify victims of crime or other activity.

If victims do not wish to file a police report, they, or others acting on their behalf, can report crimes informally and confidentially (no names or criminal investigation) to any non-police CSA. In general, reports from non-police CSAs are confidential, unless the victim gives permission to document identifying information or for police to investigate. This information is used to compile statistics, to avoid duplicate or inaccurate statistical reporting, and to assign reports to appropriate Clery Act and FBI crime classifications. Only statistical information obtained from these confidential reports will be included in the Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report.

UC Santa Cruz encourages professional counselors (including confidential victim advocates) and pastoral (religious) counselors to inform victims they counsel, if and when they deem it appropriate, of these procedures for reporting crimes on a voluntary, confidential basis for inclusion in crime statistics.

Compilation of Annual Crime Statistics

The current Annual Campus Security and Fire Safety Report has been compiled for the previous calendar year (2012) from crime reports received by the UC Santa Cruz Police Department; from crime statistics received from other police agencies having jurisdiction over off-campus UC Santa Cruz affiliated, owned, or controlled property; from crime reports received in response to written requests sent to non-police campus security authorities; and from reports received through established reporting guidelines. The report also includes disciplinary referrals to Student Judicial Affairs for drug, alcohol, weapons, and other Clery Act crimes not otherwise reported as an arrest or crime.

The types of crimes or incidents collected include the following:

- Homicide
- Aggravated Assault
- Sexual Assault
- Robbery
- Burglary
- Motor Vehicle Theft (Stolen vehicles)
- Arson
- Weapon Violations (e.g. Possession, Brandishing)
- Alcohol Violation (e.g. Minor in possession)
- Drug Violations
- Hate Crimes
GEOGRAPHY

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department has primary jurisdictional responsibility of the UC Santa Cruz main campus and off campus properties. Agreements have been entered into with local sheriff departments and municipal police departments for response to locations outside the immediate response area. The jurisdictional authority of the UC Santa Cruz Police Department at off campus locations is cited in the California Education Code, §92600 subsection (b) as provided in California Penal Code §830.2.

Main Campus Location

Located on California’s Monterey Bay – 75 miles south of San Francisco, 45 miles north of Monterey and Carmel, and just over the coastal mountains from Silicon Valley and the San Jose International Airport, the main campus of UC Santa Cruz lies on over 2,000 acres with approximately 1,400 acres consisting of undeveloped natural areas. UC Santa Cruz also has locations in Santa Clara County, Monterey County, and throughout Santa Cruz County. A map outlining UC Santa Cruz’s general campus geography may be found at: maps-dev.ucsc.edu.

Off Campus Locations

UC Santa Cruz does not have separate campuses. All off campus facilities support the main campus.

University Town Center

The University Town Center is located at 1101 Pacific Avenue, Santa Cruz, CA 95060. This facility houses students in studio apartments. More information can be found at: www.housing.ucsc.edu/utc/.

Joseph M. Long Marine Laboratory

The Joseph M. Long Marine Laboratory is located approximately two miles west of the UC Santa Cruz campus, adjacent to Natural Bridges State Park and at the edge of the Monterey Bay National Marine Sanctuary. More information can be found at: ims.ucsc.edu/lml/html.
Santa Cruz Harbor

The Office of Physical Education, Recreation and Sports (OPERS) operates a Community Boating Center at the Santa Cruz Harbor located at FF Dock, SCYH, Mariner Park Way, Santa Cruz, CA 95062. The Santa Cruz Harbor Patrol is responsible for providing day-to-day law enforcement services and coordinates with the UC Santa Cruz Police Department for follow-up investigations. More information about the Santa Cruz Harbor can be found at: www.santacruzharbor.org/.

Lick Observatory

The University of California, Lick Observatory is located on Mt. Hamilton 19 miles east of San Jose and about 60 miles from UC Santa Cruz. More information about the Lick Observatory may be found at: www.ucolick.org.

UC Santa Cruz Silicon Valley

UCSC Silicon Valley is located near the Great America Parkway/Bowers exit off Highway 101 at 2505 Augustine Drive, Santa Clara, 95054. The building is a multi-tenant facility and is occupied by Silicon Valley Initiatives and UCSC Extension. UCSC Silicon Valley has over 60 full-time employees, 700 academic and staff personnel, and serves over 12,000 students each year. The school schedules dozens of large events each year hosting several hundred guests at each event. The facility is occupied Monday through Saturday, with programs throughout the day and evening. More information may be found at svi.ucsc.edu.

Monterey Bay Education, Science, and Technology Center and the University of California, Fort Ord Natural Reserve

UC Santa Cruz owns a total of 1,089 acres on the former Fort Ord Army Base. The Monterey Bay Education, Science, and Technology Center (MBEST Center) comprises 484 acres and the University of California, Fort Ord Natural Reserve (FONR) comprises 605 acres of land on the former Fort Ord (see map). The MBEST Center is a business park with a focus on educationally related and research-oriented businesses, institutions of higher education, and government entities. Approximately
one-third of the MBEST Center (Central North and West campuses and Eighth Street parcel) is located within the City of Marina, with the remainder (East and Central South campuses) located on unincorporated Monterey County land.

Incorporated into the UC Natural Reserve system in June 1996, Fort Ord Natural Reserve was created from 605 acres of the former army base on the Monterey Peninsula. Fort Ord offers opportunities for students, scientists, and members of the general public to learn about rare species and habitats, land management, and conservation biology. The Reserve supports classes and research as well as public outreach and is comprised of natural habitats, dirt roads and trails, and a small picnic area.

**Landels-Hill Big Creek Reserve**

The University of California Landels-Hill Big Creek Reserve lies along California’s rugged Big Sur coast and is backed by the Santa Lucia Mountains. The reserve protects a 24-square mile watershed with unique geology and diverse vegetation resulting in high biodiversity, including threatened species such as California condors, spotted owls, and steelhead. Adjacent to Big Creek’s terrestrial reserve is the Big Creek State Marine Protected Area. The reserve supports hundreds of students and researchers every year working in both the terrestrial and marine environments. Reserve facilities include onsite research accommodations, two on-site resident staff houses, three developed campgrounds, approximately 10 miles of trail, and approximately 6 miles of dirt roads.

**Public Parks**

UC Santa Cruz has three parks immediately adjacent to the campus; Henry Cowell State Park, Wilder State Park and Pogonip. UC Santa Cruz will make a good faith effort to report all crimes that occur one mile into the portion of the property that borders the campus. The Department of Education considers this to be a reasonable walking distance from the campus.

**Study Abroad, UCDC and UC Sacramento Center**

UC Santa Cruz offers students the opportunity to study abroad, at UCDC and at UC Sacramento Center. UC Santa Cruz does not own or control any of these study abroad facilities or other UC properties and does not lease space for students in a hotel or student housing facility. Crimes that occur at study abroad locations are not included in these statistics.

**Field Trips**

The Department of Education does not require UC Santa Cruz to disclose statistics for crimes that occur on field trips at locations the institution does not own or control.

**Overnight, School-Sponsored Trips**

UC Santa Cruz sponsors activities away from the main campus, which may require overnight stays, and rents motel rooms and other facilities for these purposes. UC Santa Cruz does not disclose crimes that occur in these facilities because they don’t meet the regulations of the Clery Act.
ACCESS TO CAMPUS FACILITIES

Academic and Administrative Buildings

UC Santa Cruz is a public institution and, as such, academic and administrative buildings are open to the public, at a minimum, during normal business hours. Most facilities have individual hours, and the hours may vary at different times of the year. Access to buildings is controlled by key or card access, and all buildings have varied levels of access control.

UC Santa Cruz police officers patrol the academic and administrative buildings on a regular basis. Access control for a specific building is managed by a building manager, a department head or by university need.

On-Campus Student Housing Facilities

For purposes of the Clery Act regulations, any student housing facility that is owned or controlled by the institution, or is located on property that is owned or controlled by the institution, and is within the reasonably contiguous geographic area that makes up the campus is considered an on-campus student housing facility.

Access control to these facilities is restricted to residents, their approved guests and other approved members of the university community. Residents gain entry by use of a key or card access. Residents are cautioned against permitting strangers to enter the buildings and are urged to require individuals seeking entry to use their approved access method. UC Santa Cruz police officers patrol these facilities on a regular basis.

Resident Advisors (RA), Coordinators of Residential Education (CRE), Housing Community Safety Officers (CSO) and other housing officials also enforce security measures in the facilities and work with residents to achieve a community respectful of individual and group rights and responsibilities.

Extended Breaks and Emergencies

Extended breaks or emergencies may necessitate changes or alterations to any access control schedules.

Security Assessments

Members of the UC Santa Cruz Police Department Physical Security Program Unit conduct security assessments for new construction, remodeling projects, areas identified as problematic and/or when requested to do so. These surveys examine security issues, inclusive of landscaping, lighting, tamper proof window screens, access control, and CCTV.
MAINTENANCE OF CAMPUS FACILITIES

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department utilizes a multidisciplinary approach to deter criminal behavior and to create community building efforts for a safer campus community. Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design (CPTED) is a key strategy relied upon to reduce behaviors that precede criminal activities.

In accordance with this strategy, facilities and landscaping are maintained in a manner that minimizes hazardous conditions. Additionally, the UC Santa Cruz Police Department regularly patrols the main campus and off-site facilities, and reports malfunctioning lights, security deficiencies, and other unsafe physical conditions to the Physical Plant Department for correction. UC Santa Cruz has a routine maintenance schedule for all buildings, which is available for the community to view at: ucscplant.ucsc.edu/ucscplant/Work_Management/index.jsp?page=Maintenance_Schedule.

Other members of the university community are encouraged to report equipment problems or unsafe conditions to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department or the Physical Plant Department. For assistance with any non-urgent maintenance concerns relating to a residential area or building, please file a Fix-It Ticket. For non-urgent concerns relating to an academic or office building, please contact Physical Plant at 831-459-4444. If you have an urgent housing situation: water leak, broken door, broken window glass, etc., you can call Physical Plant directly at: 831-466-1820 or 831-212-4089.
RESPONSIBILITIES OF THE UNIVERSITY COMMUNITY – SAFETY AWARENESS CAMPAIGN

A safe and secure environment is essential to carrying out the mission of the university. Preventing harm depends on community members identifying and communicating hazardous conditions and behaviors of concern. Early identification allows for effective planning, mitigation, response and recovery of any situation.

UC Santa Cruz has a multi-pronged safety awareness campaign based on the national See Something, Say Something, Do Something effort to promote campus safety for students, academic and staff personnel.

Members of the university community must assume responsibility for their own safety and the security of their personal property. The following precautions provide guidance:

- Be aware of your surroundings. If possible, don’t walk alone during late-night hours. Walk in groups whenever you can — there is always safety in numbers. Stay in well-lit areas as much as possible.
- Never take personal safety for granted. Trust your instincts. If something or someone makes you uneasy, avoid the person or leave.
- Let a family member or friend know your destination and your estimated time of arrival or return. That way, the police can be notified as quickly as possible if there is a problem.
- Carry only small amounts of cash. Never leave valuables (wallets, purses, books, phones, etc.) unattended or in plain sight.
- Carry your keys at all times and do not lend them to anyone.
- Always lock the door to your residence hall room, whether or not you are there. Be certain that your door is locked when you go to sleep, and keep windows closed and locked when you are not at home.
- Many doors on campus are protected by access readers. They should not be held open for strangers. Don’t let people into residence halls or other protected locations, unless you know them.
- Inventory your personal property and insure it appropriately with personal insurance coverage. Engrave serial numbers or owner’s recognized numbers, such as a driver’s license number, on items of value.
- Lock up bicycles and motorcycles. Lock car doors and close windows when leaving your car.
- In the event of a fire alarm sounding, follow all building evacuation procedures.
- If you see or smell any evidence of fire, smoke, gas or other hazardous conditions call 911 immediately. Even fires which have been extinguished should be reported.
- Report all crimes and suspicious activities to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department immediately.
- Save any evidence. Do not remove any evidence until officers are able to respond and investigate.

Don’t hesitate to approach our police officers and firefighters with suggestions, questions or concerns. Get to know them! If we build a collective sense of stewardship for each other and the university, together we can make a difference.
Crime Prevention Programs Policy Statement

Crime prevention is the anticipation, recognition, and the appraisal of a crime risk and the initiation of action to remove or reduce it. The UC Santa Cruz Police Department provides support and services to campus community members to make UC Santa Cruz a safer place to work, learn and live. The UC Santa Cruz Police Department has developed safety videos and brochures in conjunction with the UC Santa Cruz Fire Department for students, academic and staff personnel on topics such as personal safety, office and residential security, active shooter situations, burglary and theft prevention, fire safety, and vehicle security.

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department representatives provide consultation and crime prevention assessments. Upon request, they may assist in developing department-specific emergency plans for evacuations, bomb threats, and criminal incidents. In addition, they may give crime-prevention and physical security systems recommendations for the planning process of new buildings, and landscaping design.

Campus security procedures are discussed during new student orientation. Students are told about crime on-campus and in surrounding neighborhoods. UC Santa Cruz Police Department officials participate in Cops and Coffee Forums, Public Safety Fairs, and town hall style meetings to address students and explain university security measures and procedures. These programs are held in a variety of campus locations, including the residence halls, to inform students of security matters.
Members of the UC Santa Cruz Police Department conduct crime prevention presentations when requested by various community groups, including students and employees of the university. During these presentations the following information is typically provided: crime prevention tips; statistics on crime at UC Santa Cruz; Immediate Notification and Timely Warning policies and procedures; and information regarding campus security procedures and practices, including encouraging participants to be responsible for their own security and for the security for others on campus.

In addition, the UC Santa Cruz Police Department organizes and sets up crime prevention display tables staffed by Department personnel at various locations throughout the year. This activity provides an opportunity for Police Department staff to distribute safety related information, as well as to answer individual questions.

New employee orientation includes information about crime on-campus and in surrounding neighborhoods as well as the distribution of crime prevention materials to all new employees.

During 2012, the UC Santa Cruz Police Department conducted monthly events and presentations; set up and staffed crime prevention display tables, and the Cowell Student Health Center conducted weekly programs regarding alcohol education, personal safety and crime prevention for the UC Santa Cruz community. These programs included general crime prevention forums, programs and discussions about topics such as alcohol abuse, domestic violence, self-defense, fire safety, sexual assault prevention and theft prevention.

In addition to in person presentations, all incoming first year and transfer students under the age of 25 are required to complete online education programs - AlcoholEdu and Haven. These programs are intended to educate students about bystander intervention, the impacts of the use of alcohol and other drugs, and the prevention of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.

UC Santa Cruz Police Department also sponsors a self-defense program to all members of the UC Santa Cruz community. These classes are offered at least once per quarter in conjunction with the Office of Physical Education, Recreation and Sports (OPERS).

In an effort to provide timely notice to the community, and in the event of a serious incident which may pose a threat to members of the UC Santa Cruz community, Cruz Alerts and/or Community Crime Bulletins are distributed via text message, blast email to all individuals with a UC Santa Cruz email address, and are posted on various web pages. Community Crime Bulletins may also be posted at bus stops, residence halls and other campus gathering locations. The campus radio station, KZSC 88.1 FM, is also used to disseminate emergency information to the community. Representatives of City on a Hill, a student newspaper, meet with the UC Santa Cruz Police Department to discuss crime on campus, and report to the university community.
MENTAL HEALTH SUPPORT

Counseling Services

UC Santa Cruz aims to reduce the number of college suicides, raise awareness about mental health issues, promote wellness and positive stress management, and reduce stigma and discrimination for those living with a mental illness through the UCSC Cares Program. UC Santa Cruz has been working with the California Mental Health Services Authority (CalMHSA), an organization of county governments working to improve mental health outcomes for individuals, families and communities. Prevention and early intervention programs implemented by CalMHSA are funded through the voter approved Mental Health Services Act (Prop. 63). Prop. 63 provides the funding and framework needed to expand mental health services to previously underserved populations and all California’s diverse communities. More information can be found at: ucsccares.ucsc.edu.

At UC Santa Cruz Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS) staff provide the UC Santa Cruz student community with a wide range of mental health services, including short-term individual and couples counseling, group counseling, crisis assessment and intervention, and referral services. CAPS is staffed by Psychiatrists, Psychologists, Psychiatric Nurse Practitioners, Clinical Social Workers, Marriage & Family Counselors, Doctoral Interns and Post-Doctoral Fellows. CAPS also provides preventative outreach and consultation services. Counseling services are confidential and free of charge to all students. More information can be found at: caps.ucsc.edu.

Academic and staff personnel may receive services through the Employee Assistance Program (EAP). The program is designed to deal with the broad range of human relations problems, such as alcohol or drug abuse, financial problems, emotional or behavioral disorders, family and marital discord, legal and other personal problems. Academic and staff personnel may use EAP services to identify concerns, receive counseling and/or obtain referrals to other professional resources. More information can be found at: shr.ucsc.edu/benefits/eap/.
UC Santa Cruz CARE Team

The CARE Team is a cross-divisional, multi-functional team that meets on a weekly basis to review student cases related to social, mental health, physical, financial, academic and/or a combination of these issues. Through utilization of a holistic case management approach, collaboration and the coordination of resources, the CARE Team aims to retain the enrolled student to move them toward graduation. The CARE Team serves all UC Santa Cruz Students including both undergraduate and graduate, as well as on and off-campus students. The CARE Team provides a forum in which information gathered from multiple sources is reviewed to produce a comprehensive understanding of a student’s level of functioning. The process begins with the Student Care Coordinator, who manages student cases and refers cases to the CARE Team as appropriate. More information about the CARE Team can be found at www.deanofstudents.ucsc.edu/student-care/care-team/index.html.

Workplace Violence Prevention

UC Santa Cruz has a Zero Tolerance Standard with respect to acts of intimidation, threats of violence, or acts of violence relating to the workplace (violence which stems from an employment relationship or occurs in the employment environment). The Behavior Risk Assessment Team is a resource designed to assist in trying to prevent a difficult situation from escalating into violence. The Team meets as needed and addresses concerns related to students, academic and staff personnel. The Team serves as a resource for the supervisor or department manager in assessing warning signs and potential threats and suggests possible strategies in response to acts of intimidation or threats of violence. More information can be found at: shr.ucsc.edu/procedures/violence_in_the_workplace/index.html
DISCIPLINE AND REFERRAL

Off-Campus Criminal Activity

UC Santa Cruz does not have any officially recognized student organizations that have housing facilities off-campus. Typically, the Santa Cruz Police Department responds to calls involving private property within the city limits. Santa Cruz Police Department is not required to notify or involve the UC Santa Cruz Police Department when responding to these calls for service, but may do this out of courtesy for situations involving a student, staff or academic personnel. This information may be provided to appropriate university officials for disciplinary action or the referral to appropriate resources.

Agreements with Community Partners

UC Santa Cruz has developed agreements with community partners who regularly assist the UC Santa Cruz Police Department with investigative resources and victim services. These agreements form the basis for a collaborative working effort between law enforcement and victim services for the prevention of regional crime and the apprehension of criminal suspects. The UC Santa Cruz Police Department has formal agreements with Walnut Avenue Women’s Center and Women’s Crisis Support – Defensa de Mujeres, which allow for joint efforts to be made to assist victims of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence and stalking.
Disciplinary Action

All persons on university property are required to abide by university policies and campus regulations and shall identify themselves upon request to university officials acting in the performance of their duties. Violation of university policies or campus regulations may subject a person to possible legal penalties; if the person is a student, academic or staff personnel of the university, that person may also be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with university policies and campus implementing regulations.

Disciplinary action information can be found at the following links:
- Students: deanofstudents.ucsc.edu/pdf/student-handbook.pdf
- Academic Personnel: apo.ucsc.edu/policy/
- Represented Staff: atyourservice.ucop.edu/employees/policies_employee_labor_relations/collective_bargaining_units/
- Non-Represented Staff: policy.ucop.edu/manuals/personnel-policies-for-staff-members.html

Program Participation Agreement

UC Santa Cruz will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence, or a non-forcible sex offense, the results of any disciplinary hearing conducted by the university against the student who is the alleged perpetrator of the crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, UC Santa Cruz will provide the results of the disciplinary hearing to the victim’s next of kin, if so requested.

Loss of Aid

Student eligibility for financial aid may be suspended if a student is convicted of a drug offense while receiving federal student aid (Title IV, HEA grant, loan, or work-study assistance (HEA Sec. 484(r) (1)); (20 U.S.C. 1091(r) (1))). When completing the FAFSA, students will be asked whether they had a drug conviction for an offense that occurred while receiving federal student aid. If the answer is yes, students will be provided a worksheet to help determine whether their conviction affects their eligibility for federal student aid.

If eligibility for federal student aid has been suspended due to a drug conviction, students can regain eligibility early by successfully completing an approved drug rehabilitation program or by passing two unannounced drug tests administered by an approved drug rehabilitation program. If students are convicted of a drug-related offense after submitting the FAFSA, they may lose eligibility for federal student aid, and may be liable for returning any financial aid received during a period of ineligibility.

If students are convicted of a forcible or non-forcible sexual offense, and are subject to an involuntary civil commitment upon completion of a period of incarceration for that offense, they cannot receive a Federal Pell Grant. More information about financial aid can be found at: financialaid.ucsc.edu and studentaid.ed.gov/eligibility/criminal-convictions.
WEAPONS, DRUGS AND ALCOHOL

Policy on Weapons on Campus

UC Santa Cruz is committed to maintaining a safe and secure environment that supports the academic mission of the university. According to California Penal Code §626.9 and §626.10, as well as California Code of Regulations §100015, individuals are prohibited from possessing various weapons, including firearms, explosives, instruments that expel metal projectiles, such as a bb or pellet, specified knives and/or any item that may be construed as such, on the premises of the university or in any building under its control. Exceptions include law enforcement personnel, honorably retired peace officers or a member of the military forces of this state or the United States who is engaged in the performance of their duties.

Individuals are encouraged to report weapons violations to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department immediately by dialing 911. It is important to provide a description and location of the individual carrying a weapon. UC Santa Cruz has and will continue to investigate any threat to the safety of the university in order to protect all members of the university community and their guests.

UC Santa Cruz policy also prohibits individuals from possession, use, manufacturing, distributing sales, etc. of any firearms, weapons or explosives. Additionally, anyone found in violation of the university’s policies shall be subject to the disciplinary policies and procedures applicable to students, academic and staff personnel, and/or criminal prosecution by the appropriate jurisdiction.

Substance Abuse: Policy, Sanctions and Laws

In accordance with the Drug Free Schools and Communities Act of 1989, the following information is provided regarding university and campus policies prohibiting unlawful possession, use or distribution of drugs or alcohol; university and campus sanctions regarding drug and alcohol violations by students or employees; federal, state, and local laws and penalties for drug and alcohol offenses; health effects of drug and alcohol abuse; and local resources providing assistance for drug and alcohol abuse (counseling, rehabilitation, or re-entry programs).

University Policy and Sanctions

UC Santa Cruz strives to maintain communities and workplaces free from the illegal use, possession, or distribution of alcohol and other drugs. Manufacture, sale, distribution, dispensation, possession, or use of alcohol and controlled substances by students, academic or staff personnel on university property, at official university functions, or on university business is prohibited except as permitted by law, university policy, and campus regulations. Students violating these policies are subject to disciplinary action, including suspension or dismissal from the university, and may be referred for criminal prosecution and/or required to participate in appropriate treatment programs.

Academic and staff personnel violating these policies may be subject to corrective action, including dismissal, under applicable university policies and labor contracts, and may be referred for criminal prosecution and/or required to participate in an Employee Support Program or appropriate treatment program.
California Alcohol and Drug Laws and Sanctions

California law prohibits furnishing and selling alcoholic beverages to underage (younger than 21) or obviously intoxicated individuals. Underage persons may not buy alcoholic beverages or possess them on campus, in public, or in places open to public view; the penalties for violations of these laws may include substantial fines and jail. Alcohol may not be sold without a license or permit. State law also prohibits driving a motor vehicle under the influence (a blood alcohol level of .08 percent or higher creates a presumption of intoxication, but can be charged with lower blood alcohol levels); drinking or possessing an open container of alcohol while driving; and operating a bicycle while intoxicated. Drunken driving penalties include jail or prison, fines of $1,000 or more, driver’s license suspension or revocation, and required drug/alcohol treatment programs. Refusing to submit to a test for blood alcohol can result in suspension of driver’s license for up to 3 years.

Sale or possession for sale of controlled substances such as cocaine, methamphetamines, heroin, Ecstasy, GHB, Ketamine, LSD, PCP, marijuana, and “designer drugs” is a felony. Sentences are enhanced for previously convicted felons, for distribution within 1,000 feet of a school or university or within 100 feet of a recreational facility, and for distribution to a pregnant woman or to someone under 18 by one over 18. Property used in drug transactions can be seized.

Health Risks Associated with Substance Abuse

Substance abuse can cause very serious health and behavioral problems, including short-and long-term physiological and psychological effects, as well as impairment of learning ability, memory, and performance. Chronic health problems may arise from long-term abuse, and acute, traumatic reactions may arise even from one-time or moderate use. In addition to the toxicity of specific drugs, mixing drugs can compound toxic effects. Illegal, “counterfeit” or “designer” drugs may be toxic, contaminated, or have impurities causing poisoning, and can be lethal.

Acute health problems may include heart attack, stroke, and sudden death (even first-time use of cocaine or GHB). Long-term effects include heart and/or lung damage, high blood pressure, blood vessel leaks in brain, brain cell destruction, permanent memory loss, infertility, impotency, immune system impairment, kidney failure, and cirrhosis of the liver. Other health risks, injury, accidents, and violence can result from substance abuse. Using alcohol or other drugs while pregnant can cause fetal damage, birth defects, miscarriage and infant death. For additional information on health risks of substance abuse, see: www.drugabuse.gov/consequences along with the Santa Cruz County Emergency Survival guide: www.santacruzhealth.org/phealth/ems/3ems.htm.
MISSING PERSONS

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department does not consider any report of a missing person to be routine and assumes that the missing person is in need of immediate assistance until the facts reveal otherwise. The UC Santa Cruz Police Department gives missing person cases priority over property-related cases and will not require any time frame to pass before beginning a missing person investigation (Penal Code §14205).

The UC Santa Cruz Police Department shall render assistance without delay to any person who wishes to report a missing person or runaway (Penal Code §14205). Reporting a missing person can be accomplished by a report via telephone or in person, which initiates the investigation. A report shall be accepted regardless of where the person was last seen, where the person resides or any other question of jurisdiction (Penal Code §14205). If an individual is not immediately located, the UC Santa Cruz Police Department may enter the missing person into the appropriate missing person network.

If any person has reason to believe that a member of the university community is missing, they should immediately notify UC Santa Cruz Police Department at 831-459-2231 or 911.

Missing Students

In addition to the information above, UC Santa Cruz will notify the student’s emergency contact no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. If the missing student is under the age of 18 and is not an emancipated individual, UC Santa Cruz will notify the student’s parent or legal guardian immediately after UC Santa Cruz Police Department has determined that the student has been missing.

In addition to registering an emergency contact, students residing in on-campus housing have the option to identify, confidentially, an individual to be contacted by UC Santa Cruz in the event the student is determined to be missing. If a student has identified such an individual, UC Santa Cruz will notify that individual no later than 24 hours after the student is determined to be missing. A student who wishes to identify a confidential contact can do so when filling out the student housing online application. A student’s confidential contact information will be accessible only by authorized campus officials and law enforcement as appropriate.
IMMEDIATE NOTIFICATION AND TIMELY WARNING PROCEDURES

UC Santa Cruz provides two categories of Clery Act required communications: Immediate Notification and Timely Warning.

Immediate Notification - CruzAlert

An Immediate Notification involves a significant emergency or dangerous situation that may involve an immediate or ongoing threat to the health and safety of those on campus. The campus maintains an emergency notification system branded as CruzAlert to send Immediate Notifications. The UC Santa Cruz Police Department and UC Santa Cruz Fire Department have the responsibility of responding to - and summoning the necessary resources - to mitigate, investigate and document any situation that may cause a significant emergency or dangerous situation. In addition, they have a responsibility to respond to such incidents, to determine if the situation does, in fact, pose a threat to the community. If a threat to the community is confirmed, Federal Law requires that the institution immediately notify the community or the appropriate segments of the community that may be affected by the situation. All members of the UC Santa Cruz community are notified on an annual basis that they are required to notify the UC Santa Cruz Police Department of any situation or incident on campus that requires an Immediate Notification.

The following special cases exist where Immediate Notifications may vary from the standard processes outlined above:

- If an emergency only affects campus facilities geographically separate from the main campus and does not also affect the main campus, notification to those buildings may be made by the appropriate public safety agency having jurisdiction of that area using their own mass notification systems. In this case, the campus official responsible for that facility will coordinate with UC Santa Cruz Police Department to ensure that Immediate Notification requirements are met.

- All buildings on campus are equipped with fire alarm systems. These fire alarm systems may constitute the Immediate Notification method for fire emergencies in these buildings. Additional notifications will only be made if there is a hazard to individuals outside of the involved building, such as a threat of fire spread or a secondary hazard such as a hazardous materials release.

Timely Warning

A Timely Warning provides information about criminal activity that poses a potential threat to the campus community. Timely Warnings are bulletins sent by e-mail or posted on the police or campus website.

CruzAlert Procedures

CruzAlert is capable of sending messages via phone, e-mail and text messaging. All campus email addresses (students, academic and staff personnel) and business phone numbers (academic and staff personnel) are loaded into CruzAlert automatically. Student phone numbers are collected during class registration and are automatically loaded into CruzAlert unless a student chooses to opt-out of receiving messages. Academic and staff personnel can also register additional phone numbers or e-mail addresses.
The campus has developed procedures and delegated message initiation authority to ensure that a message can be sent without delay in the event of an emergency. Members of the UC Santa Cruz community should take responsibility for regularly checking their Immediate Notification information at cruzalert.ucsc.edu.

The following individuals have the authority to initiate the Immediate Notification process based on the emergency situation and operational requirements:

- Any formally identified Incident Commander
- Any sworn UC Santa Cruz police officer
- Any sworn UC Santa Cruz or City of Santa Cruz firefighter
- UC Santa Cruz Emergency Management Duty Officer
- UC Santa Cruz Emergency Operations Center (EOC) Director

The UC Santa Cruz Police Dispatch Center or designated Emergency Management Duty Officer will activate the CruzAlert system when requested. Additional communications to the larger community may also be provided by the Public Information/Communications Office, which maintains contacts with local print, radio and television media outlets. In addition to CruzAlert, the campus may also disseminate emergency information to campus affiliates via the following methods:

- UC Santa Cruz homepage (www.ucsc.edu)
- UC Santa Cruz Police Department homepage (police.ucsc.edu)
- UC Santa Cruz Emergency Management and Business Continuity homepage (emergency.ucsc.edu)
- Social networking sites including Twitter and Facebook
- 831-459-INFO information message line
- KZSC (88.1 FM) campus radio station (www.kzsc.org/)

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- KZSC (88.1 FM) campus radio station (www.kzsc.org/)
EMERGENCY RESPONSE AND EVACUATION PROCEDURES

Emergency Management

UC Santa Cruz has a comprehensive emergency management program under the guidance of an Emergency Manager and a Business Continuity Planner. It includes a formal Emergency Operations Plan for preparing for, responding to and recovering from emergencies. UC Santa Cruz uses an Emergency Operations Center to coordinate response to major emergencies, and trained employees staff the center. Annually, UC Santa Cruz conducts training sessions, emergency exercises and tests of emergency systems in compliance with the Clery Act and other state and federal requirements. These tests are designed to assess and evaluate the emergency plans and capabilities of the institution. More information is available at: emergency.ucsc.edu.

Emergency Procedures

The UC Santa Cruz Emergency Preparedness website, emergency.ucsc.edu/preparedness, includes information about campus level emergency procedures; incident priorities and performance expectations; evacuation guidelines; and local contingency and continuity planning requirements. University departments are responsible for developing more specific procedures covering their areas of responsibility, including building evacuation procedures, unit business continuity plans and other contingency protocols.

UC Santa Cruz police officers, UC Santa Cruz firefighters, and other academic and staff personnel with emergency response duties have received training in the Incident Command System (ICS), which is utilized when responding to incidents in the community. General information about the emergency response and evacuation procedures for UC Santa Cruz are publicized each year as part of UC Santa Cruz’s Clery Act compliance efforts, and is available on the Emergency Management and Business Continuity homepage, emergency.ucsc.edu/.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Testing Procedures

Evacuation (fire) drills are conducted annually by UC Santa Cruz Fire Department for all on-campus student housing facilities. Additional evacuation drills are also conducted on request.

Participants are trained on the locations of emergency exits and general evacuation paths for their building for a short-term evacuation during these exercises. Designated locations for long-term evacuations may vary based on time of day, location of the building being evacuated, the availability of the various designated emergency gathering locations on campus, and other factors such as the location and nature of the threat. In both short-term and long-term building evacuations, UC Santa Cruz police officers, firefighters and building staff on the scene will communicate information regarding the developing situation or any evacuation status changes.

The purpose of evacuation drills is to prepare building occupants for an organized evacuation in the case of a fire or other emergency. In addition to educating the occupants of each building about the evacuation procedures during the drill, the process also provides UC Santa Cruz an opportunity to test the operation of fire alarm systems.
Fire safety systems and activities for student housing facilities are summarized in the following table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Facility - All addresses are 1156 High St.</th>
<th>Monitored Fire Alarm System</th>
<th>Automatic Sprinkler System</th>
<th>Smoke Detectors in Sleeping Rooms</th>
<th>Fire Extinguishing Devices</th>
<th>Evacuation Plan/Placard</th>
<th>Number of Evacuation Drills Each Year</th>
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<tr>
<td>Cowell College</td>
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<td>Family Student Housing</td>
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<td>Farm Apprentice Tent Cabins</td>
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<tr>
<td>Camper Park</td>
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Rules on Portable Electrical Appliances, Smoking and Open Flames

Student housing facilities have prohibitions against the following:

- Use of halogen torchiere-style lamps.
- Use of candles of any type, oil lamps, or any other device producing an open flame.
- Open fires.
- Use of hookahs, lanterns, smoking devices or other hazardous items.
- Cooking in residence hall rooms using an open flame stove, wok, or hot plate or any other device that has heated coils.
- Storage of explosives or flammable materials (including fireworks).
- Parking or storage of vehicles with gas tanks within buildings.
- Parking of vehicles outside in close proximity to the buildings except in designated parking lots.
- Use of unapproved electrical wiring and extension cords. Only approved surge protectors with internal circuit breakers are allowed.
- Storage in hallways, entryways, stairwells, pathways or any location that restricts access to or from resident rooms or buildings.
- Use of BBQ grills, charcoal, lighter fluid or propane.
- Use of portable heaters.
- Smoking with 25 feet of a building door or window opening.

These restrictions are published in each residential college’s handbook as well as in other locations such as websites. The UC Santa Cruz Fire Department periodically distributes door hangers as part of Fire Prevention Week activities as a reminder of these restrictions and to share other fire safety information.

Failure to comply with these restrictions and other fire safety rules can result in disciplinary action in accordance with university policies and campus implementing regulations. Residence staff and Community Safety Officers monitor compliance with these requirements and the UC Santa Cruz Fire Department conducts annual inspections to identify fire safety issues.

Student Housing Evacuation Procedures

Campus fire and evacuation procedures are discussed during new student orientation. Students living in campus housing facilities also receive additional training on their building’s emergency and evacuation procedures during the move-in process. The UC Santa Cruz Fire Department conducts evacuation drills during the first few weeks of each academic year for student housing facilities and also conducts evacuation drills for other buildings throughout the year. Fire Department personnel also maintain an on-going schedule of inspections for all buildings to ensure that fire hazards are mitigated and also conduct plan reviews and inspections of building construction and renovation activities. The UC Santa Cruz Physical Plant department tests and maintains fire protection systems including fire alarms and fire sprinkler systems to ensure that all systems function properly.

Students and employees are required to evacuate whenever a building fire alarm sounds and to proceed to the designated assembly location for further instructions. Fire alarm systems are monitored by the UC Santa Cruz Police Department Dispatch Center and fire department resources are dispatched to all alarm activations or other reports of fire. Students and employees who refuse to evacuate during an alarm may be subject to disciplinary action in accordance with university policies and campus implementing regulations.
Students and employees are trained to use stairwells instead of elevators during evacuations and this is reiterated during evacuation drills. All elevators are equipped with emergency phones that connect directly to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department Dispatch Center for use in the event that an individual is trapped in an elevator and the UC Santa Cruz Fire Department is trained in elevator rescue techniques.

**Fire Safety Education and Training Programs**

UC Santa Cruz Fire Department representatives provide consultation and fire prevention assessments. Upon request, they may assist in developing department-specific emergency plans for evacuations, fires and other hazards. In addition, they conduct plan reviews and inspections of building construction and renovation activities and give other fire prevention and evacuation route recommendations for existing buildings.

Fire and evacuation procedures are posted in various locations. Building-specific evacuation placards are posted in buildings, and general procedures are also included as part of the Emergency Survival Guide poster which is posted in locations such as dining halls, classrooms, conference rooms, break rooms, bus stops and other locations. This poster is available in both English and Spanish and is also available in an electronic format on the Emergency Management homepage at emergency.ucsc.edu. More detailed emergency procedures are also posted on the homepage. In addition, individual campus departments develop more specific emergency plans as needed for specific hazards or operations and Fire Department personnel provide guidance on the development of these plans.

Members of the UC Santa Cruz Fire Department conduct fire prevention, emergency preparedness and other presentations when requested by various community groups, including students and employees of the university. The Fire Department also conducts training on the use of portable fire extinguishers; offers certification in bystander first aid, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR) and the use of automatic external defibrillators (AEDs); and conducts periodic Community Emergency Response Team (CERT) training. All of these training opportunities are available to both students and employees.

In addition, the UC Santa Cruz Fire Department organizes and sets up fire prevention and emergency preparedness display tables staffed by Department personnel at various locations throughout the year. This activity provides an opportunity for Fire Department staff to distribute safety related information, as well as to answer individual questions.

During 2012, the UC Santa Cruz Fire Department conducted periodic events and presentations; set up and staffed fire prevention display tables, and participated in two Public Safety Fairs with the UC Santa Cruz Police Department and other campus units. These programs included general fire safety information, personal emergency preparedness information, fire extinguisher training, and fire department operational demonstrations.
Reporting Fires for Statistical Purposes

All fires and other emergencies should be immediately reported to 911. For the purposes of inclusion of statistics for the annual fire safety report and in compliance with California Fire Code requirements, all fires, even those that have already been extinguished, should be reported to the Campus Fire Marshal at 831-459-2343. For incidents that include a fire department response, fire department personnel will make this report. If evidence of a fire that is already extinguished is found and there is no active hazard requiring a fire department response, the person making the discovery should report the situation to the Campus Fire Marshal directly. If campus employee receives such a report from a student or other person, they should contact the Campus Fire Marshal themselves.

Fire Safety Improvement Plans

As part of the UC Santa Cruz capital improvements program, buildings not currently equipped with fire alarm systems or automatic sprinkler systems are upgraded during planned renovation activities. These upgrades also include seismic structural mitigations as needed. All new construction and renovation activities are conducted in compliance with the current California Fire Code and California Building Code requirements.
OVERVIEW OF POLICIES AND PROCEDURES CONCERNING SEXUAL ASSAULT, DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, DATING VIOLENCE AND STALKING

UC Santa Cruz seeks to create and maintain a safe environment in which all members of the university community—students, academic and staff personnel, and visitors—can learn and work free from the fear of sexual assault and other forms of violence. This policy specifically addresses sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking on and off-campus.

UC Santa Cruz employs professionals and law enforcement officers who are trained in the field to assist victims in obtaining help, including immediate medical care, counseling and other essential services. If the alleged perpetrator is also a member of the UC Santa Cruz community, the university will take prompt action to investigate, and, where appropriate, to discipline and sanction the alleged perpetrator. UC Santa Cruz encourages all victims to seek immediate help in accordance with the guidelines set forth in this policy with the assurance that all information received from a complaint will be handled as confidentially as possible.

The university’s policies on Workplace Violence apply to all acts of violence that occur in the workplace or that may spill over into the workplace. The UC Santa Cruz Policy on Sexual Assault and the University of California Policy on Sexual Harassment prohibit many forms of unwelcome conduct, including but not limited to, physical conduct of a sexual nature. More information on these policies can be found at www2.ucsc.edu/title9-sh/sopolicy/policy.htm and shr.ucsc.edu/procedures/violence_in_the_workplace/policy_procedure.html.

In order to eliminate sexual assaults and other forms of violence, and to create a safe university community, it is critical to provide an appropriate prevention education program and have trained professionals to provide vital supportive services.
Accordingly, UC Santa Cruz is committed to the following goals:

- Providing clear and concise guidelines for victims to follow in the event that they or someone they know have been the victim of a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, or stalking.
- Assisting victims of sexual assault or abuse in obtaining necessary medical care and counseling, whether on or off-campus.
- Providing the most informed and up-to-date education and information about how to identify situations that involve sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence or stalking, and ways to prevent these forms of violence.
- Educating and training all staff members, including counselors, public safety officers and academic and staff personnel, to assist victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking.
- Ensuring that disciplinary procedures are followed in the event that the alleged perpetrator is a UC Santa Cruz student or employee.
- Procedures for Reporting Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking

**Reporting Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking**

Obtaining assistance after a member of the UC Santa Cruz community is sexually assaulted, stalked or is in an abusive relationship is extremely important and can involve different points of on-campus contact for students, academic and staff personnel, and visitors, including the UC Santa Cruz Police Department, the UC Santa Cruz Women’s Center, the Sexual Violence Prevention Educator, Counseling and Psychological Services, the Title IX Officer, Staff Human Resources and/or the Dean of Students and Campus Life. Each provides different forms of assistance, which together address many of the needs of survivors. Each community member shall be provided with a list of emergency contact numbers as part of orientation and training programs.

**Contact Law Enforcement Personnel Immediately**

UC Santa Cruz encourages any person who has been the victim of a sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, or any student or academic or staff personnel who has witnessed a crime, to immediately report the incident to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department by calling 911 or 831-459-2231.

The reasons for reporting to UC Santa Cruz Police are:

- To take action which may prevent further victimization, including issuing an Immediate Notification or Timely Warning to the campus community
- To assist in the apprehension of a suspect
- To assist in the collection of evidence and proper documentation for criminal prosecution
- To have the incident recorded for purposes of reporting statistics about incidents that occurred on campus

In addition, UC Santa Cruz recommends that individuals contact the Sexual Violence Prevention Educator (831-459-2721), the Women’s Center Director (831-459-2169) or Women’s Crisis Support ~ Defensa de Mujeres (888-900-4232), so they can assist with the legal processes. Victims considering reporting are encouraged to preserve all physical evidence. Whenever possible, do not wash, use the toilet, or change clothing. Any clothing removed from the victim should be placed in a paper, not plastic, bag to attempt to retain evidence.
Once a police report is made, a UC Santa Cruz police officer will take a statement from the victim and any witnesses regarding the incident. If the crime did not occur within the jurisdiction of UC Santa Cruz, the UC Santa Cruz Police Department may notify the appropriate authorities having jurisdiction on the victim’s behalf or the victim may contact them directly. The officer will ask questions of victims and witnesses to ascertain a description of the assailant(s), crime scene, weapons used, and other relevant information for successful prosecution of the case. Be advised that questioning can be difficult and a victim may have a support person of their choice present during the interview.

NOTE: Reporting an incident is a separate step from choosing to prosecute. When an individual files a report, they are NOT obligated to continue with legal proceedings or university disciplinary action. They may choose whether or not to participate in proceedings at any point.

Efforts to obtain a criminal protective order, workplace violence order (WV-100), or other type of restraining order may be filed on behalf of the victim by UC Santa Cruz, the District Attorney’s Office, or Superior Court. More information about obtaining a protective order can be found at: www.courts.ca.gov/1260.htm.

Seek Immediate Medical Attention

It is important to seek immediate and follow-up medical attention for several reasons: first, to assess and treat any physical injuries one may have sustained; second, to determine the risk of sexually transmitted diseases or pregnancy and take preventive measures; and third, to gather evidence that could aid criminal prosecution. Physical evidence should be collected immediately, ideally within the first 24 hours. It may be collected later than this, but the quality and quantity of the evidence may be diminished. Even if no physical injuries are present, this forensic exam is strongly recommended to maintain all legal options. After the evidence is collected, it may be stored in evidence, until such time a decision to prosecute is made. The exam is generally performed by a Sexual Assault Nurse Examiner (SANE), a registered nurse who receives specialized education and fulfills clinical requirements to perform these exams.

- Victims may receive the exam for free by reporting a sexual assault to UC Santa Cruz Police Department or local law enforcement.
- If a victim does not wish to involve law enforcement at this time, they may go to the hospital or call Women’s Crisis Support ~ Defensa de Mujeres (888-900-4232) and go to Dominican Hospital (1555 Soquel Dr., Santa Cruz, CA 95065, 831-462-7700) with an advocate. Watsonville Community Hospital is also available for a SAFE exam. The victim can then inform the hospital that they would like a SAFE exam. Because the hospital staff are mandated reporters they will have to call law enforcement, who will come out and the victim will have to decline to speak to law enforcement. The hospital will contact the SART nurse and the exam will happen without the police report.

Note: It is recommended that a victim use a hospital in the county/state where the incident occurred. If it is not in the best interest of the victim or not feasible to do this, the Sexual Violence Prevention Educator with the UC Santa Cruz Police Department will work to facilitate medical care and follow-up for the victim in their current location.
Transportation

When a report has been filed with the UC Santa Cruz Police Department, they provide transportation to the hospital and can be reached by calling 831-459-2231. When no report has been filed a victim should seek assistance through other means, including the Sexual Violence Prevention Educator and the UC Santa Cruz Women’s Center for transportation assistance.

Non-Emergency Medical Procedures

If a victim chooses to not have evidence collected at the hospital, it is still important to get medical attention. An exam in this case should include treatment of any physical problems and various lab tests for sexually transmitted diseases and pregnancy. This non-emergency treatment can be arranged with a family doctor or with the Cowell Student Health Center (on McLaughlin Drive, across the street from Colleges 9 & 10, 831-459-2500.)

Note: In the state of California if a patient tells a medical practitioner that they have been sexually assaulted, they are legally required to report the victim’s name and situation to the police. The victim is under no obligation to report to law enforcement.

Seek Assistance

On-Campus

If a UC Santa Cruz community member (academic and staff personnel, students and visitors) becomes the victim of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking, the Sexual Violence Prevention Educator and the UC Santa Cruz Women’s Center offer direct services, assistance and referrals. The Sexual Violence Prevention Educator and the UC Santa Cruz Women’s Center offer direct services, assistance and referrals.
Center provide assistance to victims/survivors of a sexual assault by assisting them in obtaining the services they need to work through and better understand their options. Services are available to anyone who is a victim of these crimes, regardless of gender identity. They also work closely with other university offices and city agencies to assist the victim in receiving effective, comprehensive services and compassionate responses. Victims can file a complaint with the university against an alleged perpetrator who is a student or employee of the university with the Title IX Coordinator.

Any student, faculty or staff member or other person with a reasonable justification may request a no contact directive. No Contact Directives are not considered a sanction, but rather a lawful directive when issued by a university official. Such directives may be issued to students verbally or in writing by a university official, acting in the performance of their official duties. A No Contact Directive is appropriate when there is reason to believe that future contact will result in property damage, disruption, harassment, intimidation or threatening conduct, or physical abuse. More information may be found at: deanofstudents.ucsc.edu/pdf/student-handbook.pdf.

Students may also utilize UC Santa Cruz Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS), which is located upstairs in the Cowell Student Health Center and can be reached at 831-459-2628. Counselors can provide confidential support during this difficult period. They can inform victims of common emotional reactions and discuss coping methods that may assist them immediately following the assault and later. Talking about concerns with a counselor in a safe and supportive environment may help a victim sort through feelings and decide what to do.

Counselors will not reveal a victim's identity to anyone without permission. Students may be seen on an emergency walk-in basis or by appointment. Assistance and support for dealing with personal and academic issues is also available from the Dean of Students Office (Hahn Student Services, Room 245, 831-459-4446).
Off-Campus

Women’s Crisis Support ~ Defensa de Mujeres provides a confidential hotline, 888-900-4232, and advocacy services 24 hours a day, seven days a week, as well as free short-term individual and group counseling for victims of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. Walnut Avenue Women’s Center provides a confidential hotline, 866-269-2559, and advocacy services for victims of domestic violence. Services at both agencies are available to anyone who is a victim of these crimes, regardless of gender identity.

Administrative Handling of Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, and Stalking Complaints On-Campus

The university shall act promptly in response to information that a student has been sexually assaulted, or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence or stalking by another member of the UC Santa Cruz community. Upon receipt of a complaint, the university shall undertake an appropriate investigation. If it appears that there is sufficient evidence to warrant disciplinary charges against a student or staff member, such charges shall be brought pursuant to the appropriate university procedures or collective bargaining agreement.

If the alleged suspect is a student and the matter is brought before a hearing, the victim and alleged perpetrator are entitled to the same opportunities to have others present and to be informed of the outcome of the proceedings. If a student is found guilty of committing a sexual assault or other act of violence against another UC Santa Cruz student or employee after a disciplinary hearing, the penalties may include suspension, expulsion from residence halls, or permanent dismissal from UC Santa Cruz.

In addition, if during the course of the investigation and/or disciplinary process the alleged perpetrator, or anyone on their behalf, seeks to contact the victim so as to harass, intimidate, threaten or coerce the victim in any way, the university reserves the right to bring additional disciplinary action against the alleged suspect. Such conduct by any member of the UC Santa Cruz community will not be tolerated.

Those who are victims of assault or abuse are encouraged to discuss the matter with the Sexual Violence Prevention Educator (831-459-2721), the UC Santa Cruz Women’s Center Director (831-459-2169) or the Title IX Officer (831-459-2462). That person will explain the university’s disciplinary process relating to sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking. This discussion does not obligate a victim to pursue official action.

A decision to request an administrative investigation of a complaint of sexual assault, dating violence, domestic violence or stalking will necessitate contact with the Title IX Coordinator (831-459-2462), and possibly Student Judicial Affairs. All charges are handled in accordance with the procedures relating to violations of applicable university policies and the Code of Student Conduct. Individuals accused of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking may also be subject to certain interim measures pending the completion of the disciplinary process. Students who allege sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking by another student may request a change in their academic and living situations on campus after the alleged incident takes place if such changes are reasonably available.
The university will, upon written request, disclose to the alleged victim of a crime of violence (as that term is defined Appendix A to Part 99 Title 34, United States Code of Federal Regulations), or non-forcible sex offense, the final results of a university disciplinary proceeding against a student or employee who is the alleged perpetrator. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of such crime or offense, the next of kin of such victim will be treated as the alleged victim for the purpose of this policy.

According to §16 of title 18 of the United States Code, the term “crime of violence” means:

- (a) an offense that has as an element the use, attempted use or threatened use of physical force against the person or property of another, or
- (b) any other offense that is a felony and that, by its nature, involves a substantial risk that physical force against the person or property of another may be used in the course of committing the offense

The result of a disciplinary proceeding means only the institution’s final determination with respect to the alleged offense and any sanction that is imposed against the accused.

Confidential Reporting

If victims do not wish to file a police report, they, or others acting on their behalf, can report crimes informally and confidentially (no names or criminal investigation) to the Sexual Violence Prevention Educator located inside SHOP (Student Health Outreach and Promotion) in the Cowell Student Health Center at 831-459-2721 or the UCSC Women’s Center 831-459-2072 or 831-459-2169.

Reports filed in this manner are counted and disclosed in the annual crime statistics for the institution, and are not made available to the university’s Title IX Coordinator. When one files this report, they are NOT obligated to continue with legal proceedings or university disciplinary action. One may choose whether or not to participate in proceedings at any point.

Male Victims

While most victims of these crimes are women, men are also victims. All victims at UC Santa Cruz receive the same services. Emotional support, counseling about options, information about resources related to legal issues and medical treatment are available through the UC Santa Cruz Police Department, the Sexual Violence Prevention Educator, the UC Santa Cruz Women’s Center and the Title IX Coordinator.

Past Abuse

Many individuals experience abuse and victimization, and never tell anyone about it at the time of the incident. For those who were abused or victimized weeks or years ago, assistance is still available. Talking with someone now may help individuals cope with abuse or victimization from the past. Past incidents that occurred at a UC Santa Cruz property, may still be reported to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department for documentation and investigative purposes. In addition, resources are available through the Sexual Violence Prevention Educator, the UC Santa Cruz Women’s Center, Walnut Avenue Women’s Center and Women’s Crisis Support ~ Defensa de Mujeres.
Implementation of Policies and Procedures Concerning Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking

The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for implementing this policy in accordance with the most up-to-date information and resources pertaining to sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence, and stalking education and prevention, and victim assistance. The following steps must be taken to implement this policy:

Publication: A copy of this policy is easily accessible on the UC Santa Cruz Title IX website. A summary is also incorporated into the appropriate code of conduct regulations. In addition, copies of the policy and procedures are made available through Staff Human Resources, Academic Personnel Office, the Dean of Students Office, the UC Santa Cruz Women’s Center, the Cowell Student Health Center and the UC Santa Cruz Police Department, and may be distributed to all new students, academic and staff personnel.

Prevention/Risk Reduction Education: The Sexual Violence Prevention Educator has developed materials and programs to educate its students, academic and staff personnel on the nature, dynamics, common circumstances and effects of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking, and the means to reduce their occurrence and prevent them. Prevention education consists of up-to-date and relevant information, such as education pertaining to bystander intervention, the importance of peer networks and the significance of fostering a community of responsibility.

Prevention education materials and programs may be incorporated into employment orientation documents and campus orientation activities. These materials are made available to all student activity groups, clubs and athletic teams.

In addition, all incoming undergraduate students receive mandatory orientation on sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking prevention. Violence Prevention Peer Educators provide resources, training and outreach to other students throughout the academic year.

Professional Training: UC Santa Cruz provides periodic training relating to the prevention and handling of sexual assault, domestic violence, dating violence and stalking for all relevant personnel, including UC Santa Cruz Police Officers and Dispatchers, Housing Community Safety Officers, Staff Human Resources and Academic Personnel investigators, Student Judicial Affairs Officers, counselors, Dean of Students staff, Colleges, Housing and Educational Services (CHES) staff, Campus Judicial Board and the Title IX Coordinator by experts trained in the field. Education and training programs may also be made available to any interested academic and staff personnel. The campus Sexual Violence Prevention Educator serves as a designated liaison and trainer.

Oversight by UC Santa Cruz Central Administration: The Title IX Coordinator monitors compliance with this policy at all UC Santa Cruz properties, will review the policies and procedures on an annual basis, and make recommendations in the event that updates to prevention and education information are necessitated. In addition, the Title IX Coordinator will provide educational materials that may be needed to ensure full implementation of this policy. The policies, procedures and outreach materials and programs will be subject to a periodic process of assessment in order to maintain efficacy.
TITLE IX REPORTING

The Title IX Coordinator is responsible for receiving and conducting the administrative investigation of all reports of sexual assault filed on campus by students and employees and is available to discuss options, provide support, explain university policies and procedures, and provide education on relevant issues. The Title IX/SHO is available only during working hours. The Title IX/SHO investigation is not a criminal procedure.

As a recipient of federal funds, UC Santa Cruz is required to comply with Title IX of the Higher Education Amendments of 1972, 20 U.S.C. §1631 et seq (Title IX) which prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex, including sexual assault and sexual harassment. To comply with Title IX and other state and federal laws, UC Santa Cruz has the UC Santa Cruz Policy on Sexual Assault, the University of California Policy on Sexual Harassment and Procedures for Reports of Sexual Assault and Sexual Harassment which apply to all students, employees, volunteers, guests and visitors.

Consistent with federal requirements, all UC Santa Cruz students and employees receive notification regarding how to report incidents of sexual assault or other Title IX violations. This notice also includes resource and support referrals. For more information, or to report sexual assault or sexual harassment please contact the Title IX Coordinator at: 105 Kerr Hall, 831-459-2462, www2.ucsc.edu/title9-sh.

Although the university strongly encourages reporting sexual assault to UC Santa Cruz Police Department, complainants may request administrative action by the Title IX/SHO, with or without the filing of a police report. The Title IX/SHO will complete a fact-finding report that will be submitted to the appropriate campus officials and hearing bodies. Sanctions for the accused may also be proposed by the Title IX/SHO. In addition, the Title IX/SHO may propose remedies for the complainant, i.e., actions to be taken to support or otherwise aid the complainant (in contrast to sanctions recommended for the accused).

Sexual Harassment

Sexual harassment is unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, when submission to or rejection of this conduct explicitly or implicitly affects a person’s employment or education, unreasonably interferes with a person’s work or educational performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working or learning environment. In the interest of preventing sexual harassment, the university will respond to reports of any such conduct.

Sexual harassment may include incidents between any members of the university community, including academic and staff personnel, coaches, house staff, students, and non-student or non-employee participants in university programs, such as vendors, contractors, visitors, and patients. Sexual harassment may occur in hierarchical relationships or between peers, or between persons of the same sex or opposite sex.
SEX OFFENDER REGISTRY

The Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act requires institutions of higher education to issue a statement advising the campus community where law enforcement agency information provided by the State concerning registered sex offenders may be obtained. It also requires sex offenders already required to register in a State to provide notice, as required, under State Law, of each institution of higher education in that State at which a person is employed, carries on a vocation, volunteers services or is a student.

The State of California requires sex offenders to register with the police department in the jurisdiction in which they reside. The state makes this information available to law enforcement agencies. This information is available to the public at the local police/sheriff’s department. For the UC Santa Cruz campus, information on registered sex offenders is available at the Santa Cruz County Sheriff’s Department, 701 Ocean Street, Santa Cruz, CA 95060, 831-454-2242. Additionally, the Federal Campus Sex Crimes Prevention Act provides for the tracking of convicted sex offenders enrolled at or employed at institutions of higher education.

In addition, the California Penal Code §290.01 requires sex offenders who are enrolled as a student, or is, with or without compensation, a full-time or part-time employee, or is carrying on a vocation for more than 14 days, or for an aggregate period exceeding 30 days in a calendar year to register with the UC Santa Cruz Police Department within five working days of commencing enrollment or employment. The terms “employed or carries on a vocation” include employment whether or not financially compensated, volunteered, or performed for government or educational benefit. The registrant shall also notify the Department within five working days of ceasing to be enrolled or employed, or ceasing to carry on a vocation.

Information on these registered sex offenders is available to the public at the UC Santa Cruz Police Department. Access to the data is by appointment only. Information on registered sex offenders is also available on the Megan’s Law website at www.meganslaw.ca.gov.
HATE CRIMES

A hate crime is any criminal act or attempted criminal act directed against person(s), public agency or private institution based on the victim’s actual or perceived race, nationality, religion, sexual orientation, disability, or gender or because the agency or institution is identified or associated with a person or group of an identifiable race, nationality, religion, sexual orientation, disability, or gender. A hate crime includes an act that results in injury, however slight, a verbal threat of violence that apparently can be carried out, an act that results in property damage; and property damage or other criminal act(s) directed against a private or public agency. Crimes routinely classified as misdemeanors can be felonies if committed because of bigotry.

The crime is considered a hate crime if sufficient objective facts are present to conclude that the offender’s actions in whole or part were motivated by bias. Each case is assessed separately and investigators are alert to misleading or feigned facts, meant to give false impression of bias. Investigators do not count an incident as a hate crime based on the victim’s perception alone.

A conviction cannot be based on speech alone, unless the speech itself threatens violence against a specific individual or group, and the defendant has the ability to carry out the threat. If you are the victim of or witness a hate crime, report it as soon as possible to the UC Santa Cruz Police Department. Hate/Bias Policy and procedures can be found at: reporthate.ucsc.edu/policies/index.html.

UC Santa Cruz is also required to report statistics for hate (bias) related crimes by the type of bias as defined below for the following classifications: murder/non-negligent manslaughter, negligent manslaughter, sex offenses (forcible and non-forcible), robbery, aggravated assault, burglary, motor vehicle theft, arson (see definitions above) and larceny, vandalism, intimidation, and simple assault (see definitions below).

If a hate crime occurs where there is an incident involving intimidation, vandalism, larceny, simple assault or other bodily injury, the law requires that the statistic be reported as a hate crime even though there is no requirement to report the crime classification in any other area of the compliance document.

A hate or bias related crime is not a separate, distinct crime, but is the commission of a criminal offense which was motivated by the offender’s bias. For example, a subject assaults a victim, which is a crime. If the facts of the case indicate that the offender was motivated to commit the offense because of his bias against the victim’s race, sexual orientation, etc., the assault is then also classified as a hate/bias crime.
NONDISCRIMINATION POLICY STATEMENT/STUDENT-RELATED MATTERS

UC Santa Cruz in accordance with applicable Federal and State law and university policy, does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, religion, sex, gender identity, pregnancy, physical or mental disability, medical condition (cancer related or genetic characteristics), ancestry, marital status, age, sexual orientation, citizenship, or service in the uniformed services. The university also prohibits sexual harassment. This nondiscrimination policy covers admission, access, and treatment in university programs and activities. University policy also prohibits retaliation for bringing a complaint of discrimination or participating in a complaint process or investigation pursuant to this policy.

Inquiries regarding the university’s student-related nondiscrimination policies may be directed to Student Judicial Affairs, 831-459-1738, or e-mail: sja@ucsc.edu. Inquiries regarding UC Santa Cruz’s affirmative action, equal employment opportunity, and nondiscrimination policies as they relate to student employment may be directed to the Office of Diversity, Equity and Inclusion, 831-459-3676 or e-mail: cbene@ucsc.edu. Inquiries regarding UC Santa Cruz Policy on Sexual Assault, Domestic Violence, Dating Violence and Stalking, the UC Policy on Sexual Harassment and Procedures for Reports of Sexual Violence and Sexual Harassment and or violations of Title IX may be directed to Title IX Coordinator, 831-459-2462, or e-mail: rew@ucsc.edu. Student inquiries regarding disability or disability accommodations may be addressed to the Director, Disability Resource Center, 831-459-2089; or e-mail: drc@ucsc.edu.
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<td>Student Organizing, Advising, and Resources</td>
<td>831 459 2934</td>
<td>soar.ucsc.edu/v2/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Engaging Education</td>
<td>831 459 1743</td>
<td>engagingeducation.org/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Career Center</td>
<td>831 459 4420</td>
<td>careers.ucsc.edu/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UC empowerU</td>
<td>831 459 4420</td>
<td>ucempoweru.ucsc.edu/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office</td>
<td>Phone Number</td>
<td>Website</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>--------------------------------------</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>Emergency</td>
<td>911</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>Al-Anon and Alateen</td>
<td>831 462 1818</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ncwsa.org/d23/alateen.html">www.ncwsa.org/d23/alateen.html</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alcoholics Anonymous</td>
<td>831 475 5782</td>
<td><a href="http://www.aasantacruz.org/">www.aasantacruz.org/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Alto Counseling Center</td>
<td>831 423 2003</td>
<td><a href="http://www.scccc.org/community-recovery-services/alto-counseling-center">www.scccc.org/community-recovery-services/alto-counseling-center</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Capitola Police Department</td>
<td>831 471 1141</td>
<td><a href="http://www.cityofcapitola.org/general/page/police-home">www.cityofcapitola.org/general/page/police-home</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The Camp (Detox/Residential/Outpatient)</td>
<td>831 438 1868</td>
<td>camprecovery.crchealth.com/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Women’s Crisis Support/Defensa de Mujeres</td>
<td>888 900 4232</td>
<td><a href="http://www.wcs-ddm.org/">www.wcs-ddm.org/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Dominican Hospital</td>
<td>831 462 7700</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dominicanhospital.org/">www.dominicanhospital.org/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Dominican Hospital Emergency Psychiatric Services</td>
<td>831 462 7719</td>
<td><a href="http://www.dominicanhospital.org/">www.dominicanhospital.org/</a></td>
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<td>Janus (Detox and Perinatal)</td>
<td>831 462 1060</td>
<td><a href="http://www.janussc.org/">www.janussc.org/</a></td>
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<td>Narcotics Anonymous</td>
<td>831 429 7436</td>
<td><a href="http://www.scnapi.org/">www.scnapi.org/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Santa Cruz County Sheriff’s Department</td>
<td>831 471 1121</td>
<td><a href="http://www.scsheriff.com/">www.scsheriff.com/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Santa Cruz Community Counseling</td>
<td>831 469 1700</td>
<td><a href="http://www.scccc.org">www.scccc.org</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Santa Cruz County Mental Health</td>
<td>800 952 2335</td>
<td><a href="http://www.santacruzhealth.org/cmhs/2adultsvs.htm">www.santacruzhealth.org/cmhs/2adultsvs.htm</a></td>
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<td>Santa Cruz County Victim/Witness Assistance</td>
<td>831 454 2010</td>
<td>datinternet.co.santa-cruz.ca.us/index.php/victim-services-section</td>
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<tr>
<td>Santa Cruz Needle Exchange</td>
<td>831 239 0657</td>
<td><a href="http://www.shootclean.org">www.shootclean.org</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Scotts Valley Police Department</td>
<td>831 440 5670</td>
<td><a href="http://www.scottsvalleypd.com/">www.scottsvalleypd.com/</a></td>
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<td>Sobriety Works</td>
<td>831 476 1747</td>
<td><a href="http://www.sobrietyworks.com/">www.sobrietyworks.com/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Suicide Prevention</td>
<td>831 458 5300</td>
<td>fsa-cc.org/suicide-prevention-service/</td>
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<td>Watsonville Police Department</td>
<td>831 471 1170</td>
<td>cityofwatsonville.org/policedepartment/</td>
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<td>Clery Center</td>
<td>484 580 8754</td>
<td>clerycenter.org</td>
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<tr>
<td>National Suicide Prevention Lifeline</td>
<td>800 273 8255</td>
<td><a href="http://www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org/">www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org/</a></td>
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<td>Planned Parenthood</td>
<td>831 426 5550</td>
<td><a href="http://www.plannedparenthood.org/">www.plannedparenthood.org/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Survivors Healing Center</td>
<td>831 423 7601</td>
<td>fsa-cc.org/survivors-healing-center/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Office</td>
<td>Phone Number</td>
<td>Website</td>
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<tr>
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<td>--------------------------------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Police, Fire, Ambulance</td>
<td>911</td>
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<tr>
<td>Santa Clara County Sheriff Department</td>
<td>408 808 4400</td>
<td><a href="http://www.sccgov.org/sites/sheriff/">www.sccgov.org/sites/sheriff/</a></td>
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<td>Alum Rock Counseling/Crisis Center</td>
<td>408 294 0579</td>
<td><a href="http://www.alumrockcc.org">www.alumrockcc.org</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Community Solutions</td>
<td>408 842 7138</td>
<td><a href="http://www.communitysolutions.org">www.communitysolutions.org</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Family and Children Services</td>
<td>408 292 9353</td>
<td><a href="http://www.fcservices.org">www.fcservices.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Next Door, Solutions to Domestic Violence, Inc.</td>
<td>408 279 2962</td>
<td><a href="http://www.nextdoor.org">www.nextdoor.org</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Psychiatric Emergency</td>
<td>408 885 6100</td>
<td><a href="http://www.sccgov.org/sites/mhd/Pages/default.aspx">www.sccgov.org/sites/mhd/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Santa Clara County Mental Health Services</td>
<td>800 704 0900</td>
<td><a href="http://www.sccgov.org/sites/mhd/Pages/default.aspx">www.sccgov.org/sites/mhd/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Suicide Prevention, Santa Clara County</td>
<td>855 278 4204</td>
<td><a href="http://www.sccgov.org/sites/mhd/Resources/SP/Pages/default.aspx">www.sccgov.org/sites/mhd/Resources/SP/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
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<td>Victim-Witness Assistance</td>
<td>408 295 2656</td>
<td><a href="http://www.sccgov.org/sites/da/VictimServices/victimwitnessassistance/Pages/default.aspx">www.sccgov.org/sites/da/VictimServices/victimwitnessassistance/Pages/default.aspx</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>YWCA Rape Crisis Line</td>
<td>408 287 3000</td>
<td>ywca-sv.org</td>
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### MBEST, FOnr and Landels-Hill Big Creek Reserve Resources

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<tr>
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<td>Marina Police Department</td>
<td>831 384 7575</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ci.marina.ca.us/index.aspx?NID=17">www.ci.marina.ca.us/index.aspx?NID=17</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>Monterey County Sheriff’s Department</td>
<td>831 647 7702</td>
<td><a href="http://www.co.monterey.ca.us/sheriff/">www.co.monterey.ca.us/sheriff/</a></td>
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### UC Santa Cruz Silicon Valley Resources

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<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Santa Clara Police Department</td>
<td>408 615 4800</td>
<td>scpd.org/</td>
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<tr>
<td>Santa Clara County Sheriff Department</td>
<td>408 808 4400</td>
<td><a href="http://www.sccgov.org/sites/sheriff/">www.sccgov.org/sites/sheriff/</a></td>
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### Other Main Campus and Lick Resources

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<tr>
<th>Resource</th>
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<tr>
<td>AIDS-HIV Night Line</td>
<td>800 273 2437</td>
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<tr>
<td>American Social Health Association–STI Resource Center</td>
<td>800 227 8922</td>
<td><a href="http://www.ashasexualhealth.org/">www.ashasexualhealth.org/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>California Smokers Helpline</td>
<td>800 662 8887</td>
<td><a href="http://www.nobutts.org/">www.nobutts.org/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>California Youth Crisis Line</td>
<td>800 843 5200</td>
<td><a href="http://www.youthcrisisline.org/">www.youthcrisisline.org/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>UC Santa Cruz Employee Assistance Program</td>
<td>866 808 6205</td>
<td>shr.ucsc.edu/benefits/eap/</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Voices United (alcohol and drug dependency)</td>
<td>408 292 7292</td>
<td><a href="http://www.voicesunited.net/en/">www.voicesunited.net/en/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Poison Control</td>
<td>800 222 1222</td>
<td><a href="http://www.calpoison.org/">www.calpoison.org/</a></td>
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<tr>
<td>24-7 Teen Line</td>
<td>888 247 7717</td>
<td><a href="http://www.billwilsoncenter.org/teens/resources/hotlines.html">www.billwilsoncenter.org/teens/resources/hotlines.html</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Victims of Crime Resource Center</td>
<td>800 842 8467</td>
<td><a href="http://www.1800victims.org/">www.1800victims.org/</a></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Santa Cruz Harbor Resources</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Santa Cruz Harbor Patrol</td>
<td>831 475 6161</td>
<td><a href="http://www.santacruzharbor.org">www.santacruzharbor.org</a></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**TERMS DEFINED**
Clery Reportable Crimes As Per the Uniform Crime Reporting Handbook

**Aggravated Assault**
An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could or probably would result in a serious potential injury if the crime were successfully completed.

**Arson**
Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling, house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property, etc.

**Burglary**
The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or a theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or a felony; breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny; housebreaking; safecracking; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

**Motor Vehicle Theft**
The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned-including joy riding).
Murder and Nonnegligent Manslaughter
The willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Manslaughter by Negligence
The killing of another person through gross negligence.

Robbery
The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force, violence, and/or causing the victim fear.

Larceny
The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Vandalism
To willfully or maliciously destroy, injure, disfigure, or deface any public or private property, real or personal, without the consent of the owner or person having custody or control by cutting, tearing, breaking, marking, painting, drawing, covering with filth, or any other such means as may be specified by local law.

Weapons Law Violations
The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned.

Drug Abuse Violations
Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (demerol, methadones); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (barbiturates, benzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations
The violation of laws or ordinance prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned. (Drunkenness and driving under the influence are not included in this definition.)

Sex Offenses Definitions
As per the National Incident-Based Reporting System Edition of the Uniform Crime Reporting Program

Sex Offenses - Forcible
Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.
Forcible Rape
The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against the person’s will; or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth).

Forcible Sodomy
Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sexual Assault with an Object
The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Forcible Fondling
The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person’s will; or, not forcibly or against the person’s will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sex Offenses - Non-Forcible
Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse.

Incest
Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape
Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.
Offense Definitions relating to Hate/Bias Related Crime Statistics as per the UCR Hate Crime Reporting Guidelines

Simple Assault
An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation
To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Geography definitions from the Clery Act

On-Campus
(1) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of or in a manner related to the institution’s educational purposes, including residence halls; and (2) Any building or property that is within or reasonably contiguous to the area identified in paragraph (1), that is owned by the institution but controlled by another person, is frequently used by students and supports institutional purposes (such as a food or retail vendor).

Non-Campus Building or Property
(1) Any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization that is officially recognized by the institution; or (2) Any building or property owned or controlled by an institution that is used in direct support of or in relation to the institution’s educational purposes, is frequently used by students, and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution.

Public Property
All public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus. The UC Santa Cruz crime statistics do not include crimes that occur in privately owned homes or businesses within or adjacent to the campus boundaries.

VAWA Crime Definitions

Consent
Positive cooperation in act or attitude pursuant to an exercise of free will. The person must act freely and voluntarily and have knowledge of the nature of the act or transaction involved. A current or previous dating or marital relationship shall not be sufficient to constitute consent. A person who initially consents and participates in the act of has the right to withdraw that consent. To be effective as a withdrawal of consent, the person must inform the other person by words or conduct that consent no longer exists, and the other person must stop. The words or conduct must be sufficient to cause a reasonable person to be aware that consent has been withdrawn. If the other person knows or reasonably should know that consent has been withdrawn, forcibly continuing the act of despite the objection, is against the will and without the consent of the person.
Dating Violence
The term “dating violence” means violence committed by a person—(A) who is or has been in a social relationship of a romantic or intimate nature with the victim; and (B) where the existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on a consideration of the following factors:
   • (i) The length of the relationship.
   • (ii) The type of relationship.
   • (iii) The frequency of interaction between the persons involved in the relationship.

Domestic Violence
The term “domestic violence” includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence committed by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabited with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction receiving grant monies, or by any other person against an adult or youth victim who is protected from that person’s acts under the domestic or family violence laws of the jurisdiction.

Stalking
The term “stalking” means engaging in a course of conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to—(A) fear for his or her safety or the safety of others; or (B) suffer substantial emotional distress.

Sexual Harassment
Sexual harassment is unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature, when submission to or rejection of this conduct explicitly or implicitly affects a person’s employment or education, unreasonably interferes with a person’s work or educational performance, or creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive working or learning environment. In the interest of preventing sexual harassment, the university will respond to reports of any such conduct.

Other Definitions

Missing Person
Any person who is reported missing to law enforcement when the person’s location is unknown. This includes a child who has been taken, detained, concealed, enticed away or kept by a parent in violation of the law (Penal Code §277 et seq.). It also includes any child who is missing voluntarily, involuntarily or under circumstances that do not conform to his/her ordinary habits or behavior, and who may be in need of assistance (Penal Code §14213).

Missing Persons Networks
Those databases or computer networks available to law enforcement and that are suitable for information related to missing persons investigations. These include the National Crime Information Center (NCIC), the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System (CLETS), Missing Person System (MPS) and the Unidentified Persons System (UPS).
At Risk
Includes, but is not limited to (Penal Code §14213) the following:
• A victim of a crime or foul play
• A person missing and in need of medical attention
• A missing person with no pattern of running away or disappearing
• A missing person who may be the victim of parental abduction
• A mentally impaired missing person

Pastoral Counselor
An employee of an institution who is associated with a religious order or denomination, recognized by that religious order or denomination as someone who provides confidential counseling and who is functioning within the scope of that recognition as a pastoral counselor.

Professional Counselor
An employee of an institution whose official responsibilities include providing psychological counseling to members of the institution’s community and who is functioning within the scope of his or her license or certification.

Immediate Notifications
Rapid communication of immediate threats to campus affiliates.

Timely Warnings
Notifications to the campus of certain types of crimes as required under the Clery Act.

Emergency Notification System (ENS)
A system used to rapidly call, e-mail and/or text message campus affiliates who are registered in the system’s database for immediate notification purposes. This system is branded as CruzAlert at UCSC.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Offense Type</th>
<th>2012</th>
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*included in On Campus Statistics

**Hate Crimes**

- **2012**: No hate crimes reported.
- **2011**: One on-campus intimidation incident characterized by sexual orientation bias. One on-campus vandalism incident characterized by sexual orientation bias. Three on-campus vandalism incidents characterized by racial bias. Three on-campus vandalism incidents characterized by ethnic bias. One on-campus vandalism incidents characterized by religious bias.
- **2010**: One on-campus vandalism incident characterized by sexual orientation bias. One on-campus intimidation incident characterized by sexual orientation bias.
<table>
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<th>Offense Type</th>
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Cause of Fire key:
A: Fireworks-Smoke Bomb
B: Cooking-Unintentional
C: Trash-Undetermined
D: Light Fixture-Unintentional

*Values are in Dollars
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*Values are in Dollars
University of California, Santa Cruz
Police Department

1156 High Street
Santa Cruz, CA 95064

831-459-2231

police.ucsc.edu